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TALLINN

(REVAL)

THE CAPITAL OF ESTONIA



PUBLISHED BY

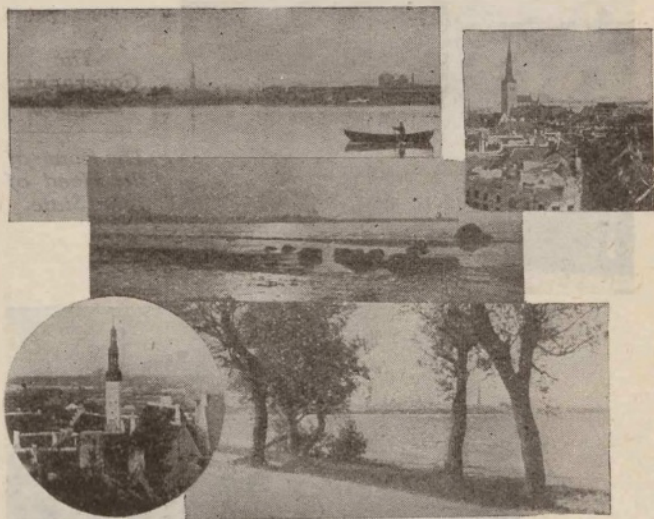


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General Views.

I.

GENERAL.

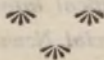
Tallinn (Reval) — the capital of the Republic of Estonia — is situated between $59^{\circ} 24' - 59^{\circ} 28' 25''$ n. latitude and $5^{\circ} 29' 5'' - 5^{\circ} 41'$ e. longitude, on the south coast of the Bay of Finland.

The total area of the town territory is about 5825 hectares. In 1927 the average temperature was 4.7 degrees C, the barometrical average 755.3 millimeters and the total rainfall, distributed over 187 days, amounted to 651.6 millimeters.

The harbour of Tallinn is open to navigation throughout the year.

The number of inhabitants is about 130.000, of which 84% are Estonians, 6% Germans, 6% Russians and 4% other nationalities.

In respect of religion 83% were evangelical-lutheran, 13% Greek-orthodox, 1.6% mosaical and 0.8% Roman-catholic.





*The
Government
Building*

*The Home of
the Head of
the State.*



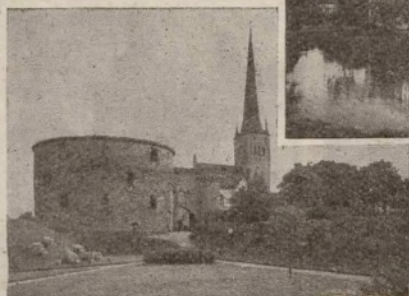
II.

HISTORICAL SURVEY.

In the year 1219 King Valdemar II of Denmark, to whom Bishop Albert had applied for help against Russia, appeared on the coast of Estonia with a large fleet, destroyed the stronghold of the Estonians — Lindanisa — and in its place erected the Danish castle "Revele" (the great Castle on the Dome together with the Dome Church), which the Estonians afterwards called "Taanilinn" — the town of the Danes. The old chronicles have it that during the battle which took place near Tallinn on June 15th 1219, the "Danebrog", the Danish banner (a white cross in a field of red, the same as the so-called "small escutcheon" of the present day of the town of Tallinn), fell from the sky and helped the Danes to their victory over



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S. Karja Street 18. Tel. 1180.*



The Moat

*The Sea Gate
(Rannavärav)*

the Estonians. The "little castle", with the tower called "Long Herman", (Pikk Herman), was erected in 1227 by the Order of the Brothers of the Sword. At the foot of the Dome a borough came to exist and we may suppose that streets such as "Knight Street", (rüütel, Ritter), "King Street" (kuningas, König) and "Wheel-Well Street" (rataskaev, Rader) existed already about the year 1230. The Danish rule, with a short interruption, lasted till the year 1346. During this period the churches of the town were built such as the Dome Church (Toomkirik) (1219), the Church of St. Olaf (Olevistekiriik) (mentioned in 1267), the Church of St. Nicolas (Nigulistekirik) (mentioned in 1316) and the Church of the Holy Ghost (Pühavaimukirik) (the former chapel of the town-council, mentioned in 1316). The oldest walls with which the town was girt also date back to this time.

PHOTOGRAPHERS

K. Akel & Ko.,

No 2, Rataskaevu Street, Tallinn.



Mortgage Bank (Piaapank)

Trade and commerce formed the occupation of the inhabitants. In 1248 the town was granted the "Lubian Right", that is, autonomy and self-jurisdiction. From this time the town began to flourish, the culminating point being reached during the time of the Hansa when the Order ruled the country (1346 to 1561). Here it should be pointed out that the Estonians made repeated efforts to regain their lost independence, but the revolts which occurred were suppressed by the foreign rulers. The bloodiest of these revolts was that of 1343, the "Jüriöö" (St. George's Night).

The Reformation commenced in Tallinn in the year 1524: the Dominicans were expelled the country, the Dome Church and the Church of St. Olaf were pillaged.

In the sixteenth century, when Poland, Russia and Sweden contended for domination on the shores of the Baltic Sea, the

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View of the Bay



*Main Entrance of the
Dome Church (Toomkirik)*



prosperity of Tallinn began to decline. Russia, having thrown off the Tartar yoke, in her thirst for conquest turned to the West. In the year 1570/71 Tallinn suffered a heavy siege by the hosts of Ivan the Terrible, repeated in 1577. Already during the period of Swedish rule (1561 to 1710), called by the Estonians "the good old Swedish times", the commerce of Tallinn fell away and the decline continued under Russian rule (1710 to 1918) up to the year 1870, when railway communication between Tallinn and Petersburg was opened.

In spite of their desperate resistance the Estonians had lost their independence in the thirteenth century and by the policy of their rulers, were compelled to forego all economic, political and cultural self-assertion. Only in the beginning of the nineteenth century, after the abolition of serfdom in 1816, did the national regeneration of the Estonian people set in, mar-

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Odd Corners on the Dome

ked by such events as the formation of the first Estonian society, the "Estonia" (1865), the issue of the first Estonian weekly periodical (1875), the first Estonian singing festival (1880), all indications of increasing national self-consciousness. Hereafter national endeavour develops rapidly: the second Estonian singing festival (1896), the first daily newspaper (1901), municipal administration of Tallinn by the Estonians (1904), until at last, after the revolution of 1905, the World War and the second revolution of 1917, after the bolshevist times and German occupation, Estonia succeeded in regaining her independence. On April 23rd 1919 the Constituent Assembly met and after the long, bloody struggle of many nations Tallinn, once the primitive stronghold of the Estonian people, became the capital of the Republic of Estonia.

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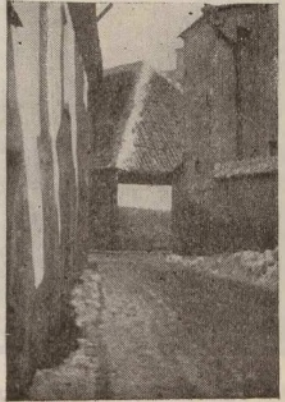
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"Long Dome" Gate (Pikkjalg)

Old Lane on the Dome



CHRONOLOGICAL DATES FROM THE HISTORY OF TALLINN.

- 1219. Valdemar II, King of Denmark, destroys the stronghold of the Estonians „Lindanisa“ and erects the „Castle of the Danes“.
- 1227. Tallinn occupied by the Knights of the Sword.
- 1283.—1346. Tallinn falls under Danish rule.
- 1246. The Dominican Monks settle at Tallinn.
- 1248. Tallinn is granted the Lubian Rights.
- 1249. Endowment of the nunnery St. Michael.
- 1285. Tallinn enters the Hanseatic League
- 1343. Revolt of the Estonians on April 23rd, St. George's Night.
- 1407. Erection of the Monastery of St. Bridget (Pirita).

G. BERGER

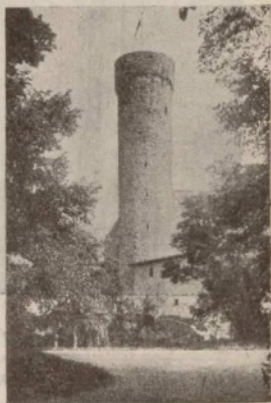
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Viru Street Gate (Viruvärav)

*The Long Herman
(Pikk Hermann)*



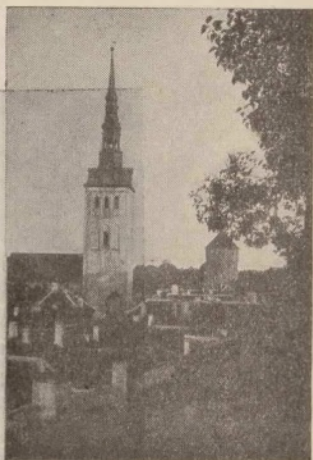
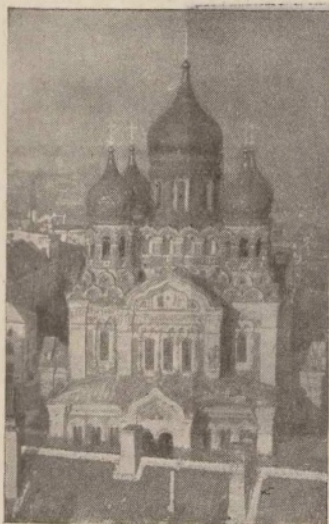
- 1524. The Reformation.
- 1558. Invasion by the Russians.
- 1561.—1710. The Swedish rule.
- 1570.—1571. Unsuccessful siege of Tallinn by the Russians.
- 1625. The Church of St. Olaf burnt down.
- 1631. Gustavus Adolphus founds the first highschool.
- 1710. Siege by the Russians.
- 1718. Erection of the castle in St. Catherines Vale (Kadriorg).
- 1785. Reform of municipal administration.
- 1796. Reinstitution of the old town council.
- 1816. Abolition of serfdom in Estonia.
- 1865. Foundation of the first Estonian society, the „Estonia“.
- 1867. Fortifications of the town rased.

KEEPSAKES OF TALLINN

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*The Orthodox Alexander
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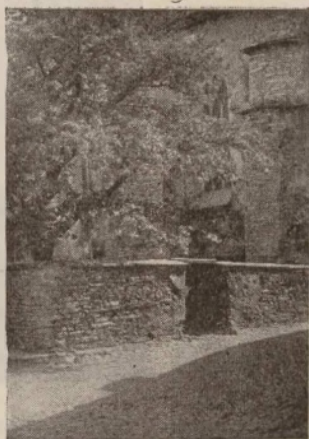
*View of the Church of St.
Nicolas and the tower called
Kik-in-de-Kõk*

- 1870. Opening of the railway Balticport—Tallinn—Petersburg.
- 1875. Issue of the first Estonian weekly periodical, the „Ristirahva Pühapäevaleht“.
- 1877. Introduction of Russian municipal administration.
- 1880. The first Estonian singing festival at Tallinn.
- 1887. Russification of the schools.
- 1889. Russian reform of justice.
- 1889. Opening of the railway Tapa—Riga.
- 1896. The second national singing festival at Tallinn.
- 1901. The first Estonian daily paper, the „Teataja“.
- 1905. The revolution and convocation of the дума.
- 1913. Consecration of the Estonian theatre and concert hall, the „Estonia“.

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*Courtyard of the Dome Church
(Toomkirik)*

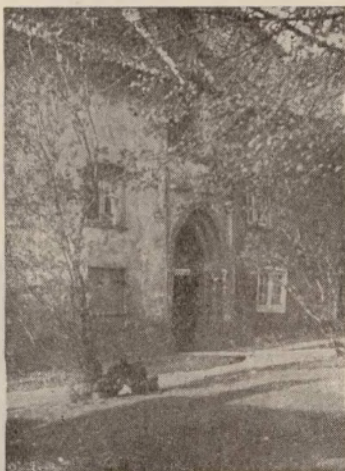
- 1917. Convocation of the Diet, rule of the bolshevists.
- 1918. Proclamation of the Republic of Estonia on February 24th.
- 1918. German occupation on February 25th ; withdrawal of the German troops in November ; invasion of the bolshevists.
- 1919. Repulsion of the bolshevists and of the „Landeswehr“.
- 1919. The 700 years' jubilee of the town of Tallinn.
- 1919. Opening of the Constituent Assembly on April 23rd.
- 1921. Opening of the State Assembly.
- 1923. The 8th national singing festival, the first since Estonia declared her independence.
- 1924. Surprise attack by the bolshevists on December 1st.
- 1928. The 9th national singing festival.

GRAMOPHONES and RECORDS

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*Courtyard of the Church of St.
Nicolas (Niguliste kirik)*

THE SIGHTS OF TALLINN.

The Town Hall, in the Town Hall Square (Raekoja plats), first mentioned about 1330, is the only town hall in the Baltic states of mediaeval date. Its tower was built later, in 1629. In the former Citizens' Hall, now the entrance hall, the portraits of Charles XI of Sweden and Queen Christina are hung. Here is also to be seen a bench dating from the 17-th century and a table of the times of Peter the Great. In the council hall will be found the back of a bench of the 15-th century, a carved coping dating from Swedish times and 8 lunette pictures by J. van Aken, representing biblical subjects, also valuable Flemish gobelins (1547). In the mayor's (linna-pea) room various precious old objects are kept, such as regimental batons, keys, weapons, trinkets, etc. On the ground floor the archives of the town are installed, rich in old

The Best Hotels at Tallinn:

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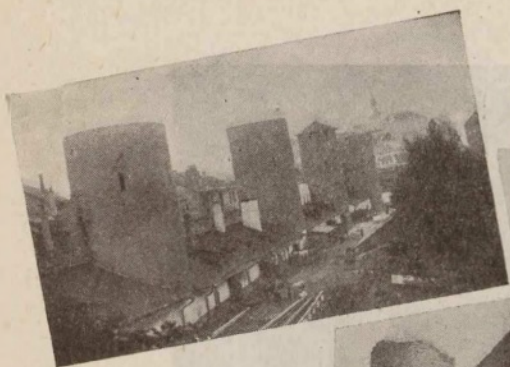
336, 1840 and 2440.

"Peterburg"

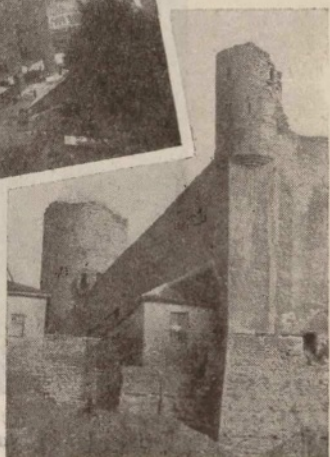
No 7, Rataskaevu Street

Telephones :

244 and 1662.



*Fragments of the old
Town Wall*



books, manuscripts, and so on, bulls of the pope, letters of Martin Luther and other valuable documents.

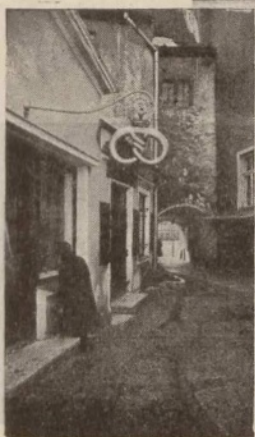
Opposite the Town Hall is the old Public Scales (Vana vaekoda), built in the 16-th century. Passing through the Dunkri and Rataskaevu Street we come to the Church of St. Nicolas (Niguliste kirik), built in 1316. In the oldest part of the church, the Chapel of St. Anthony, the old altar of 1482, the altar of St. Anthony and the picture „Death's Dance” of the 16-th century, are remarkable.

At the end of the R  tli Street is the Swedish Church of St. Michael (Rootsi kirik, 16-th century), presented to the Swedish parish in 1733. After taking a look at the imposing old tower „Kik in de K  k”, we return through the R  tli Street and reach the L  hike jalg. Mounting the flight of steps, we pass through the old „Swedish Gate” (Rootsi v  rav)

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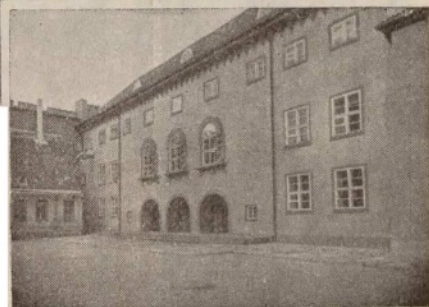
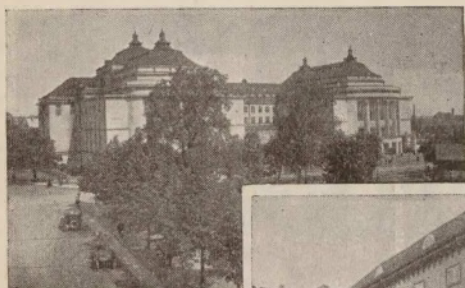
(1310) at the top and find ourselves on the Dome (Toompea). On our left we notice the house of the President of the State (Riigivanem) and in front of us stands the Cathedral of Alexander Nevsky, erected by the Russians in 1900 as a visible sign of their rule. The obtrusive splendour of this structure is hardly in keeping with the grand old buildings which form its surroundings. Opposite the Cathedral is the „Castle“, the front wing of which was built in 1788. In the courtyard is still to be seen the old castle-wall and the high old tower, nicknamed Long Herman (Pikk Hermann). On our right is the House of the State Assembly.

Going along Dome School (Toomkooli) Street we come to the oldest church of Tallinn, the Dome of St. Mary's (Toomkirik, mentioned in 1233). It burnt down three times, in 1433, 1553 and 1684. There are two noteworthy tombs in this church:

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near the altar the tomb of the Swedish general Pontus de la Gardie (1585) and of his wife, the daughter of the Swedish king John III, and the tomb of the Swedish colonel Carl Horn. The shrine by E. Gebhardt (1881) should also not be overlooked.

To the right of the church is the former Ritterhaus, now the Foreign Ministry (Välisministeerium) and the Dome Museum, containing many ethnographical and archeological collections.

If we now turn into the Rahukohtu Street and then pass through the court-yard of the courts of justice, we shall come to the top of a flight of steps called the Patkul Stairs leading down the steep mountain. This point gives us a splendid view of the town and the sea beyond.

Going down these stairs through the Nunne Street into the

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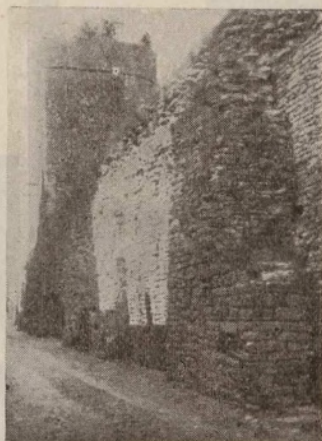
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*The tower called Kik in
de Kõk*



The old Town Wall

Suur Kloostri Street we come to the former nunnery of the Cistercians, St. Michael, the church of which was the Swedish garrison church since 1631. From 1716 it served as the Russian military church.

From the Kloostri Street we turn to the left into Lai Street. On the right hand side of this street are two houses, numbers 38 and 40, which date from the time of the Hansa. Further on is the Church of St. Olaf (Olewiste kirik) mentioned in 1267, containing the Bremen Chapel. The steeple is 130 meters high; it has been struck by lightning six times and the church burnt down three times — the last time in 1820. On the wall of the church, in Pikk Street, is a cenotaph (1513) erected by H. Paulsen. Going down Pikk Street towards the sea, we come to the Strand Gate (Rannawärav) and the tower called "Fat Margaret" (Paks Margareeta) built in 1539 and demolished

LEATHER ARTICLES AS KEEPSAKES

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Town Wall

*The Monks' Gate
(Kloostrivärav)*



during the revolution of 1917. If we now turn back through Pikk Street we shall find on our left the building of the Society of the Black Heads (Mustapeade klubi) dating from 1531 and by its side the building of the Guild of St. Olaf (mentioned in 1341). A few houses farther on is the building of the Guild of St. Canute (1329), rebuilt in 1863, with statues of Luther and St. Canute. Nearly opposite, a little farther on, is the Exchange and the Great Guild (1407 to 1410) and opposite this the Church of the Holy Ghost (Pühavaimukirik) 1316. Up to 1889 it served as the chapel of the town council, now it belongs to an Estonian congregation.

Down the Pühavaimu Street we come into Vene Street. On our left is the oldest Russian church, the church of St. Nicholas (Nikolai kirik) and on the right of Munga Street is the place where formerly stood the richest and oldest monastery of Tallinn, the

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Cottage of Peter the Great

Scouts' (Kadriorg) Home in Catherine's Vale

Monastery of the Dominicans, also St. Catherine's Church (1246). In their place now stands the Roman-catholic Church of St. Peter and St. Paul (1844). The localities of the monastery and the church have been turned into warehouses. Across the street is the Post Office, comprising the telegraph and telephone service, further on the interesting museum of the Estonian War of Liberty (Vabadussõja muuseum). At the end of Vene Street is the old Bishop's House, with images of the evangelists on its front.

Visitors are recommended to take a walk or drive round the inner town, along the avenues planted with trees. This affords an opportunity to see parts of the old townwall with its towers and ramparts, still preserved in some places, as well as the most interesting buildings of modern date. Of these we may mention the Estonian Theatre and Concert Hall, The Es-

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Lai Street

Tolli Street



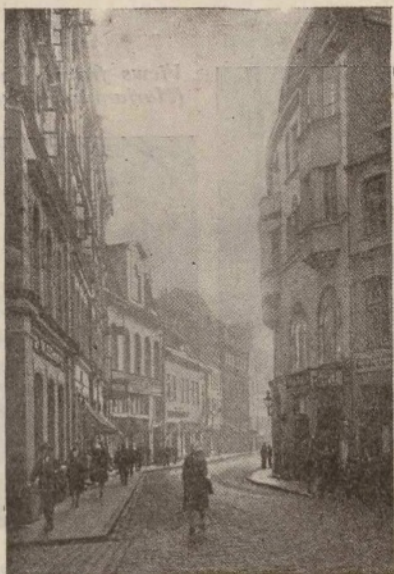
tonia, the German Theatre (Saksa teater) the building of the Eesti Pank (State Bank), the Church of St. John (Jaanikirik 1867) and Charles Church (Kaarlikirik 1870), with steeples and noteworthy architecture in the interior. The painting over the altar is by Professor J. Köhler. In front of the Secondary School stands the monument to the teachers and pupils of this school, who fell in the war for liberty.

In the nearest surroundings of Tallinn lies St. Catherine's Valley (Kadriorg) with its beautiful park on the sea and the monument "Russalka" by Professor A. Adamson. Kadriorg is within 10 minutes' drive by tram from the Russian Market. The castle in Kadriorg erected by Peter the Great in 1718, is worth seeing. In the Centre of the park still exists "Peter's" cottage, where Peter the Great lived during his stay at Tallinn. It still contains the Russian bath which he made use of.

PRINTING OFFICE

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Viru-Street

A short trip by motor-bus or taxi along the Narva Road beyond Kadriorg will take us to the seaside place Pirita, where the company "Sanatorium Kloostrimets" has erected an up-to-date bathing establishment and café. Here we find the ruins of the monastery of St. Bridget (Pirita, 1407), destroyed by the Russians in 1577. On the return journey the magnificent panorama of the town will delight our eyes.

Qualified guides may be engaged through Mr. J. Mann at the Town hall, telephone 1365, the Estonian Travel Bureau, Pikk Street, telephone 2020 and 2021 and the Estonian Touring Club in the Viru Street Gate

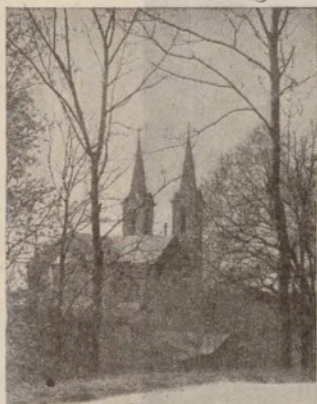
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*Charles' Church
(Kaarli kirik)*

*Views from Harju Hill
(Harjumägi) toward the*



*and the Church of St.
Nicolas (Niguliste kirik)*

SOME USEFUL HINTS FOR VISITORS.

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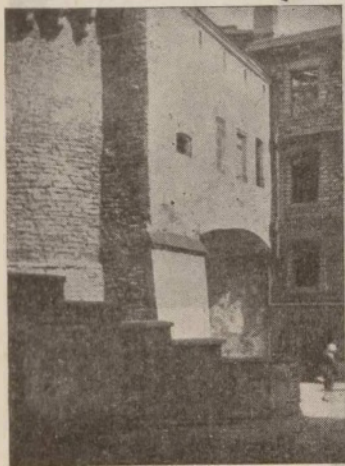
G. Heinmann, 4 Suur Karja Street.

"Marcelle", Raekoja Square (Wines, Dancing).

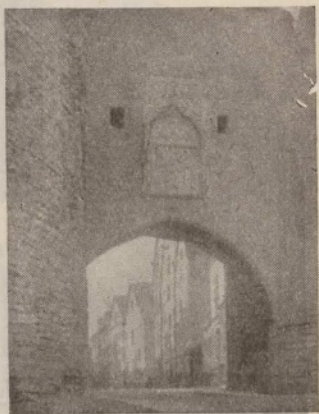
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*The Strand Gate
(Rannavärav)*



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COMMERCIAL INFORMATION: The Exchange (Börs), 17 Pikk Street.

Chamber of Commerce and Industry, (Kaubandus Tööstuskoda) 45 Lai Street,

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Holland (Hollandi), see Denmark,

Latvia (Läti), 32 Tatari Street,

Lithuania (Leedu), 6 Kiriku Street,

Luxemburg (Luksemburg), see Belgium,

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*Club of the Black Heads
(Mustapeade-Klubi)*



Town Hall (Raekoda)

Mexico (Meksiko), 21 Rannavärava puistee,
Norway (Norra), 18 Viru Street,
Austria (Austria), 28 Tatari Street,
Poland (Poola), 10 Kohtu Street,
Roumania (Rumeenia), 17 Meripuistee,
Sweden (Rootsi), 4 Valli Street,
Switzerland (Schweitsi) 14 Weizenbergi Street
Spain (Hispaania), 3 Kinga Street,
Czecho-Slovakia (Čehho-Slovakkia), 6 Kiriku Street,
Hungary (Ungari), 17 Liivalaia Street,
U. S. A. (Ameerika Ühendriigid), 2 Uus Street.

DOCTORS AND DISPENSING CHEMISTS: inquiries at the hotels.
EMERGENCY CASES: 12, Niguliste Street, telephone 273. Per-
manent attendance.

ESTONIAN MONEY: 1 Estonian Crown (Kroon) = 100 Sents.

Approximate rates of exchange:

Czechosl. crown	Ekr	0.12
\$ 1	"	3,75
Finnishmark	"	0.09

J. KOPF Ltd.

27, Pikk St., Tallinn. Tel. 2221

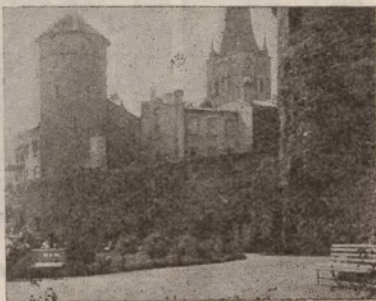
Largest Jewellers in Estonia

Keepsakes and Presents of all kinds.



*Little Strand Gate
(Väike Rannavärav)*

*Rose Garden
(Roosiaed)*



Franc	Ekr.	0.15
Hungarian P.	"	0.66
Lai	"	0.73
Polish Zł.	"	0.43
£ 1	"	18.17
Reichsmark	"	0.90
Swedish crown	"	1.—

GENERAL POST OFFICE, TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE: 9 Vene Street.

GUIDES: At the Estonian Ticket Office, 6 Pikk Street.

At the Estonian Touring Club, in the tower of the Viru Gate, Through Mr. J. Mann at the Town hall, telephone 1365. On due notification excursions in groups will find accommodation: 1) at the Estonian Red Cross, 12 Niguliste Street, up to 50 visitors, 2) at the Y.M.C.A., 1 Lai Street, up to 100 visitors and at the Excursionists' Home at Tallinn (For the summer a Home has been opened for excursionists at the pedagogical school, 31 Vene Street. Rooms and attendance Ekr. 1— per day).

Dining Rooms „AKADIA”.

18, S. Karja Street.

*Costly Dinners, Lunches, Suppers, Beers,
Reliable House.*



HOTELS : "Commerz" furnished rooms, 30 Vene Street,
"Du Nord", 3 Rataskaevu Street.
"Kuld Lõvi", 40 Harju Street.
"Petersburg", 7 Rataskaevu Street.
"Room", 30 Narva Road,

LOST ARTICLES : 11 Pühavaimu Street.

LETTER AND TELEGRAPH RATES :

LETTERS: up to 20 grammes: Inland, Latvia and Lithuania 10 sents, each 20 grammes more : 5 sents, Finland 15 sents.
Foreign: 20 sents, each 20 grammes more 20 sents
(Weight limit 2 kilogrammes).

POSTCARTS : Inland, Latvia and Lithuania 5 sents, reply postcardes 10 sents, Finland 10 sents.
Foreign 12 cents, reply postcardes 24 cents.

REGISTERING FEE: Inland, Latvia and Lithuania 10 sents, Foreign : 20 sents.

AUG. TANSERI

*7 Vene Street, next door to the Post Office.
Tel. 3098.*

The best place for Photographic Articles.



The Palace in Kadriorg

TELEGRAMS : Inland, Latvia and Lithuania, ordinary telegr. each word 5 sents, minimum fee 40 sents, night telegrams and on holidays : double, urgent telegrams : treble. Foreign telegrams : special rates, f. i. : Germany 28 sents each word, Great Britain 42 sents, Finland 18 sents, Denmark 29 sents, France 33 sents, Poland 21 sents, Italy 40 sents, Sweden 27 sents, Norway 30 sents, U. S. A. 129 sents, tc. Night telegrams and on holidays double, urgent telegrams treble.

MOTORBUS LINES:

Raekoja Square to Koppel	every 15 min. fare 15 s.
Jakobsoni Street to Market	" 5 " " 15 "
Market to Soo Street	" 5 " " 15 "
" " Pelgulinn	" 10 " " 15 "
Vabadus Square to Paldiski Str.	" 20 " " 15 "
Market to Pirita—Kose	" " " 40 "

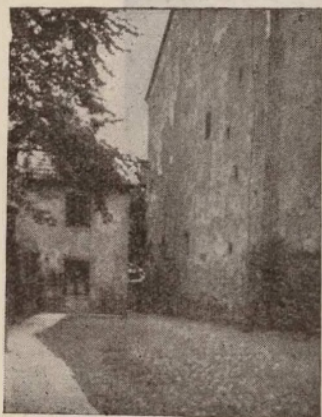
Restaurant „KONTSERTAED“

(Koncert Garden)

18 Weizenbergi Street. Tel. 552.

First class restaurant in the Park at St. Catherine's Vale. Best cooking. Music every day from 8 p. m to 1. a. m. On Sunday afternoonsconcerts from 5 to 7 p. m.

Near the Dome Church



MOTOR CARS PARK: on the squares and at street corners
telephonic communication.

TAXI FARES :

	per Kilometer :				
	Minimum fare at which the taxometer starts	Fare 1 forward and return to starting point	Fare 2 not retur- ning to starting point	Fare 3 from 12 p. m. to 6 a. m.	Waiting per hour
Motorcycles . . .	20 sents	20 sents	30 sents	40 sents	80 S.
Motorcars with white flag on taxometer . .	30 "	30 "	45 "	60 "	1 Kr.
Motorcars with blue flag on taxometer . .	40 "	40 "	60 "	80 "	1.50Kr.

Restaurant „MARCELLE“.

Wine Restaurant and Café.

Town Hall Square. Tel. 3050

Five-o'clock Tea Dancing from 5 to 7 p. m.

From 9.30 p. m. Cabaret and Dancing.

The Almeric Jazz Band.



Hippodrome

MUSEUMS : Museum of the Estonian War of Liberty, 5 Vene Street,
Dome Museum, 6 Kohlu Street.

PASSPORTS and VISA : through the Estonian Travel Bureau, 6
Pikk Street, telephones 2020 and 2021.

POST- and TELEGRAPH OFFICES : 9 Vene Street,
63 Narva Road,
6 Uus Hollandi Street,

Stamps and registered letters from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m..
other operations from 9 a. m. to 3. p. m on weekdays,
Sundays: from 9 to 11 a m.

PRINTED MATTER : each 50 grammes :

Inland Latvia and Lithuania 10 cents. Foreign 45 cents.

RACECOURSE (Hippodrome) : 50 Paldiski Street (motorbusses).

RAILWAY : Tickets to the most important places all over the
world to be had at the Estonian Travel Bureau, 6 Pikk
Street, telephones 2020 and 2021. Berths for the Inter-
national Sleeping Cars can be booked at the office of
the company, 8 Nunne Street.

Restaurant "VILLA KIRSTEIN"

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From Tallinn 15 minutes' drive by taxi.

*Kakumägi ist the most beautiful spot for
pleasure trips into the environs of Tallinn.
Situated in an elevated position near the
Glint. First class cooking.*



The IX National Singing Festival of 1928 at Tallinn

RESTAURANTS: „Du Nord“, 3 Rataskaevu Street.

“Estonia”, in the building of the Estonia Theatre on the Market Place. Cabaret and Dancing.

“Kontsertaed”, in the park at Kadriorg (St. Catherines’ Vale) Cabaret Tram-line Nr. 1.

“Kuld Lõvi”, 40 Harju Street.

Luscher & Mathiesen, 2 Kuninga Street. Wine Bar and Wine Room.

Mustapeade klubi (the house of the German Club) 26 Pikk Street.

“Peterburg“, 7 Rataskaevu Street.

“Room“, 30 Narva Road.

Seltskondlik Maja (Estonian Club), 12 Aia Street.

SEA-BATHING: On the beach at St. Catherines’ vale (Kadriorg).

1) The town bathing establishment, free of charge.

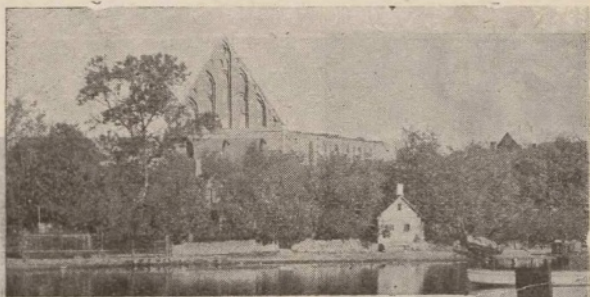
2) The „Kajak“ Baths, 25 cents, both to be reached by tram-line Nr. 1.

3) The beach at Pirita, by motorbus from the Market.

MUSIC NOTES

*Eugen Brandt, 29, Pikk Street, Tallinn,
opposite the Club of the Black Heads.*

Oldest establishment in the country.



Pirita

SPORTS: All particulars may be obtained through the "Eesti Spordi Keskkliit" (Central Sports Union), 11 Vene Street, on weekdays from 9. a. m. to 3 p. m., telephone 928.

STEAMER LINES: Tallinn—Helsingfors:

Mondays	S/S.	"Rügen"	— 10 a. m.
Tuesdays	"	"Suomi"	— 11 "
do	"	"Ebba Munk" or "Viola"	— 10 a. m.
Thursdays	"	"Ebba Munk"	— 10 a. m.
do	"	"Suomi"	— 11 " "
Fridays	"	"Ariadne"	— 10 " "
Saturdays	"	"Suomi"	— 11 " "
do	"	"Ebba Munk" or "Viola"	— 10 a. m.

Tallinn—Stockholm:

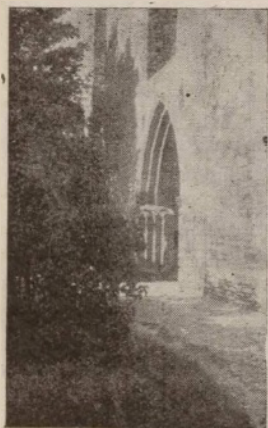
Every Saturday S/S. "Kalevipoeg" — 4 a. m.

Café-Restaurant „KAJAK“

1 Pirita Road. Tel. 4342

Firstclass Café-Restaurant on the Beach of St. Catherine's Vale (Kadriorg).

Concert by the only Russian Mandoline Orchestera existing in Estonia, every day from 8 p. m. to 12.30 a. m.



*Pirita
Entrance to the Monastery
Ruins*



*Pirita
Church-Yard*

Tallinn—Stettin:

Wednesday S/S. "Rügen" — 6 p. m.
 Fridays " " "Strassburg" — 5 p. m.
 Saturdays " " "Ariadne" — 8.30 p. m.

Particulars through the Estonian Ticket Office, 6 Pikk Street, telephones 2021 and 2021.

TICKET OFFICE: see Railway.

TRAM LINES: the town has 4 lines:

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 1) Vabaduse Square—Narva Road—Kadriorg, | fare 10 cents. |
| 2) Vabaduse Square—Tartu Road | " 10 " |
| 3) Market—Pärnu Road | " 10 " |
| 4) Koppel | " 15 " |

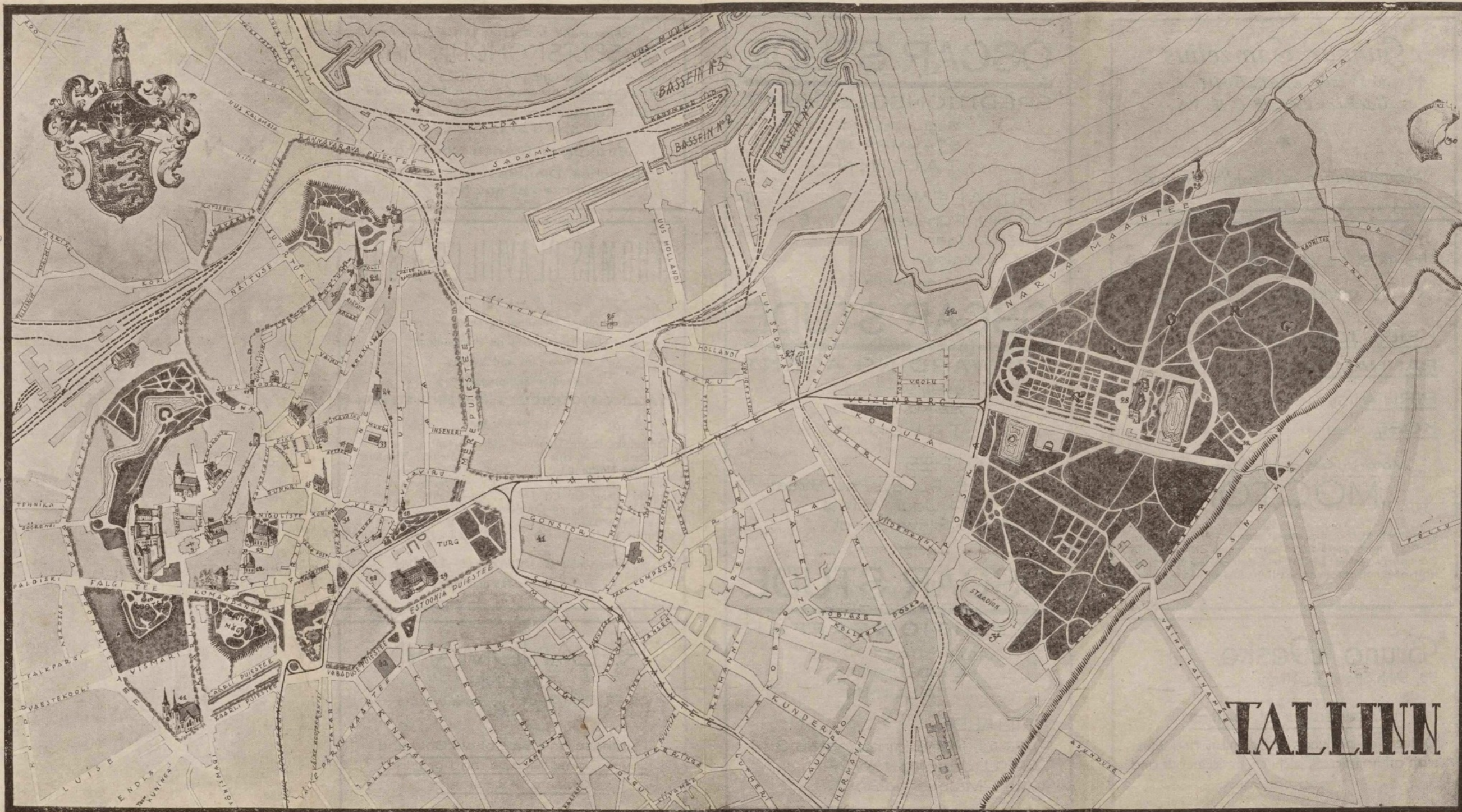
Interchanging tickets 15 cents.

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*Albums, Writing Pads, Boxes, Satchels,
Purses, Writing Blocks etc. made of leather.*

*School of Instruction in Handwork for
Juveniles entertained by the Red Cross.*

12 Niguliste Street, Tallinn. Tel. 273



1. Riigikogu hoone, Toompea loss, Pikk Hermann (Building of the State Assembly, the Castle, the tower called Long Hermann).
 2. Riigivanema maja (Residence of the President of the State).
 3. Toomkirik (Dome Church).
 4. Välisministeerium (Foreign Ministry).
 5. Peajaam (Central Station).
 6. Pikajala torn (Long Dome tower).
 7. Rootsi värav (The Sweden Gate).
 8. Kik in de Kõk.
 9. Apost. õigeusu peakirik (Orthodox Cathedral).
 10. Linda mälestussammas (Statue of Linda).
 11. Kaarlikirik (Charles' Church).
 12. Rootsi Mihkli-kirik (Swedish Church of St. Michael).
 13. Nigulistekirik (Church of St. Nicolas).
 14. Jaanikirik (St. John's Church).
 15. Raekoda (Town Hall).
 16. Pühavaimukirik (Church of the Holy Ghost).
 17. Börse (The Exchange).
 18. Viruvärav (The Viru Gate).
 19. Estonia teater (Theatre and Concert Hall „Estonia“).
 20. Saksa teater (German Theatre).
 21. Olevistekirik (Church of St. Olaf).
 22. Suur Rannavärav, Paks Margareeta (The Great Strand Gate and the tower called Stout Margaret).
 23. Issanda Muutmise kirik (Orthodox Monastery Church).
 24. Nikolaikirik (Orthodox Church of St. Nicolas).
 25. Siimonikirik (Orthodox Church of St. Simon).
 26. Nunnaklooster (Nuns' Monastery).
 27. Sadama jaam (Harbour Station of the Narrow Gauge Railway).
 28. Kadrioru palee (The Castle at St. Catherine's Vale).
 29. Russalka (The Russalka Monument).
 30. Laulupeo plats (Place where the Singing Festivals are held).
 31. Staadion (The Stadion).
 32. Peetri majake (Peter the Great's Cottage).
 33. Katolikukirik (Catholic Church).
 34. Kaubandus-Tööstuskoda (Chamber of Commerce and Industry).
 35. ETK. (Central Association of Cooperative Societies).
 36. Eesti Reisibüroo (Estonian Ticket Office).
 37. Peapostkontor (General Post Office).
 38. Scheeli pank (Banking House Scheel & Co).
 39. ETA (Estonian Telegraph Agency Ltd).
 40. Eesti Pank (State Bank).
 41. Kalevi spordivälj (The Sports Club „Kalev“).
 42. TJK spordivälj (The Tallinn Football Club).
 43. Krediit-Pank (The Credit Bank).
 44. Kalarand (Landing stage of the motor boats to St. Bridget's).
 45. Kloostrivärav (The Monastery Gate).
- Reminders of the town wall.
 ——— Railway lines.
 --- Tram lines.

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Motorbuses of the Company

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Enquiries at the bus stand Vene Turg (Russian
Market) telephone 2095 and at the office of the
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both of which places time tables are also obtainable

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Keepsakes of Tallinn.

Objects of all kinds of Estonian and Rus-
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Gegründet 1882

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TARTU, Jaani Str. 24

WALK, Malewa Str. 1

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established 1882

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grundlagd 1882

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WALK, Maleva gatan 1

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Stettin Steamship Co. Ltd — Stettin
Stockholm Shipping Company
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Virtsu — Kuresaar —
Pärnu (touching Hel-
termaa on the return
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versa. Inquiries at the office of the coasting-line

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